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VOL. XLIII.

PIOCHE, NEVADA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1893.

NO. 12.

President's Message

An Epitome of the Suggestions of His Highness.

He Favors Further Silver Legislation, but Not at Present.

Nothing New About Hawaii, but Intimates that He Has Restored the Queen.

"Kid," the Apache Renegade, on a Murdering Raid in Old Mexico.

Happenings in Salt Lake.

Special Dispatch to THE RECORD.
New York, Dec. 7.—Silver, 69½; Lead, \$3.35.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 5.—The message of the President to Congress, which convened at Washington on Monday in regular session, is published this morning.

The President recommends impartial neutrality in relation to the dispute between the Argentine Republic and Brazil. He points out the wrong done in the matter of the Legation asylum in Chili; refers to the Chinese exclusion law, and expresses the belief that, as amended, it will be complied with; favors further means for the suppression of the slave trade in the Congo States and Central Africa; recommends an extradition treaty with Costa Rica; makes brief reference to our friendly relations with France, Germany, and also with Great Britain; specially refers to the Behring Sea arbitration and the Welland Canal dispute. The rights of Americans in Hayti and Honduras have been maintained. Suggestions have been made to France as to leaving Liberia territory unimproved. A commission appointed will probably soon settle the disputes with Mexico as to the region near the Rio Grande east of El Paso.

The Nicaragua Canal project is endorsed, and the extradition treaties with Norway and with Russia are mentioned. A history of the Samoan uprising is given, and the mischief of an entangling alliance with foreign powers is deprecated. Spanish indebtedness for damages to American property in Cuba receives some attention. The outrages in Turkish territory are denounced, and also the action of Armenian naturalized Americans, who have stirred up sedition against the Ottoman Porte, but the Minister at Constantinople is expected to protect all such persons amenable to Turkish law from unnecessary harsh treatment. The Venezuelan question is briefly touched upon.

The Hawaiian difficulty is explained succinctly, but there is nothing new at present to communicate; to undo the wrong effected under the authority of the United States is all that the administration has attempted, and what has been accomplished will not be known until further advice is received from Honolulu, when a special message will be sent to Congress with full particulars of the whole matter.

International arbitration is favored. The money question receives elaborate treatment. The President recommends further silver legislation, but believes it will be better to wait while until the effects of the repeal of the purchase clause of the Sherman Act have been felt and can be understood before any definite action is taken on the silver question. He warns Congress against all temporary expedients and advises content with nothing short of a lasting and comprehensive financial plan. He expresses the belief that after a reasonable delay it can be effected, and that there should be an effort to bring about an international agreement as to coinage.

He also recommends amendment of the laws in relation to the issuance of Government bonds to make clear the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury in relation to them. Reforms in the land laws are recommended, also measures for the preservation of the forests. The Agricultural department and its work come in for a good share of attention and the exports of cattle and pork and agricultural products are detailed at length.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—Bland yesterday introduced a new free coinage bill repealing the section of the act of 1873 preventing the coinage of silver dollars, and re-enacting the coinage act of 1837. Bland expects the Committee on Coinage will report an absolutely free silver bill to the House. The tariff bill will probably not be called up in the House until after the holidays.

It is believed that Minister Willis has found an entirely different state of affairs at Honolulu than indicated by Blount's report. Senator Dole yesterday addressed the Senate in opposition to the administration's policy.

Boston, Dec. 5.—Concerning the reorganization of the Union Pacific Railway Co., a News Bureau suggests the following reorganization plan: It is submitted that if an attempt is made to rearrange the \$238,000,000 of Union Pacific indebtedness and give full payment to the Government while the earnings are decreasing, it can best be done for all interests upon some such comprehensive plan as the following: The Union Pacific stockholders to surrender their present majority control of the property to the Government, which can be represented by seven directors out of the twelve, one director to be appointed each year or to hold life positions, subject to removal for cause; to have a liberal salary and no other occupation, the Government to issue \$300,000,000 bonds at 3 per cent, to take up all the Union Pacific bonds at the average market value for the three years ending January 1, 1894, pay the Government debt, which the United States Treasury will soon be called upon to pay in full, and leave from \$50,000,000 to \$100,000,000 of these bonds in the treasury of the Union Pacific, half of which could be

remain in the treasury for future development, to make these bonds perpetual at 3 per cent, and to permit them to be used at par as a basis for National Bank circulation.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 7.—A special from Washington says that the advocates of bimetalism have by no means lost hope of coming legislation in favor of an honest currency. It has leaked out that Francis E. Walker has called a conference of leading Eastern Republicans to formulate an educational campaign on bimetallic issues.

A special from Nogales, Arizona, yesterday says: A miner from Arizona, Sonora, Mexico, reports depredations by "Kid," a renegade Apache, and party, that killed one prominent Mexican rancher and sacked several ranches and mining camps. At the mining camp of an American named Van Dorn they fired all the buildings and carried off or destroyed all goods and supplies, including a small stock of merchandise. The raid took the people completely by surprise. As soon as the news reached the Prefect of the Arizona district he sent couriers to the different ranches, and mining camps, to warn the people, and started a detail of State soldiers in pursuit of the renegades.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 6.—The City Council last night received a veto message from the Mayor of the stoppage of work on the gravity sewer, confirmed the nomination of Joseph E. Caine for member of the Board of Public Works, accepted the resignation of Councilman Beardsley, adopted an ordinance to let the city printing to the lowest bidder and transacted the usual routine business.

The President of the Chamber of Commerce has appointed a strong committee of twenty-five on Utah representation at the Midwinter Fair.

A special from Washington says Mr. Rawlins will introduce in the House to-day the following bills: Appropriating \$500,000 for the erection of a public building in Salt Lake; appropriating \$250,000 for a public building at Ogden; extending for one year the time for filing declarations by those having taken up desert lands, to date from the first of next month.

Mr. Rawlins has also prepared a substitute for the bill already introduced by himself opening the Utah and Uncompaghe Indian reservations for settlement. It is a more specific method and provides a way by which the lands may be disposed of when open to settlement. Notices are to be published in the papers for sealed proposals, where purchases are not to exceed 160 acres to each person and the payment of twenty-five cents per acre will be required, and, after two years, and not exceeding three, persons will be required to make proof before patent will be issued. The bill also provides for townships and the sale of lots and for the appointment of a commission of five persons to make allotments to the Indians, and to aid in carrying into effect the statutes.

SALT LAKE, Dec. 7.—The New York Life Insurance Co. is said to be contemplating the erection of a mammoth block in this city.

Joseph Barton and John S. Houts were yesterday arrested in Ogden, for alleged fraudulent use of the United States mails in connection with the Pacific Coast Bond Investment Co.

In the school election yesterday in this city Mr. Alf was re-elected from the first precinct, Mr. Westerfield from the second, Mr. Hansen from the third, Mr. Toronto from the fourth and Mr. Baldwin was re-elected from the fifth.

The administration of the estate of Charles Nelson has begun suit in the first district court at Provo, against the Southern Pacific, the deceased having been killed, as alleged, owing to the carelessness of the company. News came in yesterday that Mr. DeGolyer struck one of his mines at Camp Floyd district night before last, and another report came in yesterday that the same character of ore had been struck as far west almost as Tooele. This indicates that Colonel Wall's belief is true, for he declares himself convinced that the ore extends fully twenty-five miles in length. Every day brings confirmation of the belief that Camp Floyd district is a most extensive one and that by the early Spring there will be a vast body of men at work out there. If half the statements shall be realized, Utah will have the biggest gold camp in America, at least one that will cover the most ground. The news comes, too, that every one interested in the district and of its great wealth. Colonel Sowers, who returned last evening from the new camp, thinks the Camp Floyd district is the greatest gold-producing region in the world, not excepting South Africa.

The cyanide process is a wonderful success and four dollar ore can be treated at a profit. It looks almost as though this industry had been saved for the time when the silver industry should be most depressed, in order to give employment to men in want of work. The district has been kept open twenty years, but it was only recently that the process was discovered through which the ores could be cheaply and successfully worked.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Severe weather has prevailed in the northwest for the past week, the thermometer at some points reaching 40° below zero.

Van Allen, Cleveland's appointee as Ambassador to Rome, will not accept the position.

Cleveland will oppose the admission of Utah as a State.

Anarchists and police last Sunday fought through the streets of London.

The German parliament passed a bill permitting the Jesuits, who were expelled by Bismarck, to return to the empire.

Snowalides in Montana have killed many people.

The strike of employees on the Lehigh Valley railroad has resulted in the destruction of a vast amount of property.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of THE RECORD.

WASHINGTON, November 28, 1893.

Mr. Cleveland's determination to combine in his own persons the functions of both the legislative and executive branches of the Government was never more plainly shown than by the tariff bill, which is a far more radical measure than it was generally expected to be. Mr. Cleveland has actually compelled Democratic members of the House Ways and Means Committee to vote to put articles on the free list against the protest of their Democratic constituents and with the full knowledge that such action would bring want to many people in their districts and states. This may seem a strong assertion, but it is not exaggerated in the slightest degree. How has Mr. Cleveland obtained sufficient control over Democratic members of the House to compel them to vote away the welfare of their friends and constituents? The answer is easy. He has done it by the use of patronage and promises; he has given them petty offices for their personal followers and has promised them that if they fail to get renominated and elected to the fifty-fourth Congress he will provide for them personally.

Chairman Wilson of the Committee on Ways and Means, who has betrayed two of the greatest industries of West Virginia, by allowing coal and iron ore to be placed on the free list, is understood to have been promised a lifetime position on the bench of the U. S. Circuit or District Court as a reward for his treachery to the interests of his state and people. The same policy is to be carried out to get votes for the Cleveland tariff bill—it is a misnomer to call it by anybody else's name—in the House, and will probably succeed as well as with the committee.

But when it comes to the Senate those tactics will not necessarily succeed. The average Senator is always more independent than a member of the House. His term is six years and, if he has lately been elected, will extend beyond that of the President, so that he does not feel that he has any need of being "taken care of" by the administration in case his action or vote is unsatisfactory to his constituents. There is not the slightest expectation that the Senate will pass the tariff bill as it is now, even if Mr. Cleveland succeeds in his announced intention to railroad it through the House, although, looking at the matter from a purely political standpoint, it would be the best thing that could happen for the Republican party for it to become a law just as it now is, but it would be a great hardship on the wage earners of the country; consequently Republicans will try to defeat it, or in any event to have it amended in many respects.

Among the long list of articles placed on the free list by the new bill are the following: wool, iron ore, coal, pig tin, hemp, flax, jute, silver-lead ore, copper, salt, crude borax, binding twine, cotton ties, and lumber not advanced in preparation beyond sawing. The cut on articles left on the dutiable list is deep and will probably average somewhere about forty per cent.

No news is expected from Hawaii, unless it be secured by a special steamer sent by some enterprising newspaper, before December 11. The administration would very gladly crawl out of the unpleasant hole in which it finds itself, but as it cannot its members pretend an indifference they are far from feeling. Secretary Gresham is trying to sneak out by telling his personal friends that Mr. Cleveland had determined to restore the Queen before he was sworn in and that Blount's instructions were prepared in the White House and given to him by Mr. Cleveland, and that he (Gresham) had nothing whatever to do with shaping the Hawaiian policy. But even while trying to do the sneak act he has proven his complicity in what will be regarded by posterity as one of the most dastardly state crimes in American history, by ransacking the State Department record and giving out for publication in administration newspapers isolated letters which seem to bear out his theory, or, as he claims, Mr. Cleveland's theory, that the Harrison administration had knowledge of the intention to overthrow the Queen long before that event took place.

Just why the administration thinks that its position would be completely vindicated if this fact were proven is more than I can see. It is probable that those intelligent citizens out of every ten would say that this Government did exactly what was right if it had actually dethroned the Queen, as Mr. Cleveland would like the country to believe.

Virginia City is having an epidemic of deaths; two or three funerals occur nearly every day.

Mexico is one ahead of the United States in the transmission of long distance electric lighting. An electric plant on the Rio Grande sends light to Guadalajara, 17 miles away.

Mine owners should remember that to take advantage of the suspension law a notice will have to be filed with the County Recorder certifying that

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS

The Board met in regular session Monday, all the members present.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

A communication was presented requesting that the boundaries of the Bristol School District be changed so as to include Bennett Springs. It was ordered by the Board that the boundaries of Bristol School District be changed so as to include Bennett Springs the center.

A petition was received from Hiko requesting that \$75 be appropriated to repair road between Hiko and Helene. It was ordered that the sum of \$75 be appropriated in accordance with the prayer of the petition and the same be allowed by contract to the Magnolia Mining Co. for the repair of the road between Hiko and Helene.

A petition from St. Joseph was presented asking the Board to appoint a commission to open a roadway through Robert Legan's land. The Clerk was directed to inform the signers of the petition that the petition must be filed and signed by 24 taxpayers and freeholders on last assessment roll, and upon receipt of same the Board would appoint two commissioners and the owner of the land would appoint two, and after the amount of damage is ascertained, the freeholders who shall derive such benefit shall pay for the same before said road is ordered opened.

Complaint was made that David W. Huntsman had turned the water from the main creek into the main wagon road to lower Kean Springs; the Clerk was ordered to inform said D. W. Huntsman that he turn the said water back into the main channel at once.

A communication was received from W. D. Maynard requesting the Board to allow him for the taking of testimony in the case of Nevada vs. Thomas Morgan.

The claim was not considered, as it was contrary to an order made by the Board previous to taking such testimony.

The sum of thirty-five dollars was turned over to the Board by the request of relatives of C. W. Wadleigh, deceased, the amount being advanced by the county.

The Board appointed Thomas Grevis Constable at Helene and he was allowed thirty days to file bond in the sum of \$1000.

Reports of officers were then read and approved.

A budget of claims was presented and allowed. The list appears in another column of THE RECORD.

Complaints of Leaning & Co., C. D. Vincent and Chas. Sastro & Co. vs. Lincoln county, served on Chairman Schaefer, were taken up, and the District Attorney was ordered to prepare answer to the complaints. The Board then adjourned.

SENATOR JOHN P. JONES.

The Winnemucca Silver State says: "The last fond hope of the Nevada Republicans was shattered and destroyed when Senator Jones announced to them through the Popular address that he was done with the R. O. P."

The Senator trusted certain men in the State during the last campaign to tell him the truth, but he found after the election that they had misstated every fact and he was led into an error that he has many times regretted—the sending of a telegram to the effect that he thought it best for Nevada to elect the Harrison electors. He now stands no doubt to make up for that mistake by doing all in his power to defeat the Republican party from now and forever.

The Nevada Southern. The Los Angeles Express says that President Blakely of the Nevada Southern, C. Mulholland and others engaged in the work of raising an \$80,000 loan in Southern California, are well satisfied with the progress made. The enthusiastic and business-like meeting at Pasadena gave the enterprise a new impetus. Citizens of San Bernardino have also asked that a meeting be held there to present the matter to the people. It is understood that so far Los Angeles business firms and private individuals have pledged about \$40,000, and additional assurances are given, which the amount will be increased a little later. The prospect of raising the entire amount needed for immediate heavy work on the road seems very good.

The Carson News says that Hon. H. F. Bartine is once more settled in his Carson home and that he has concluded to resume the practice of law.

After a suspension of nearly a year, the publication of the Virginia City Enterprise has been resumed, with John E. McKinnon as lessee. Virginia will come to the front again.

Some parties are making a desperate attempt to revive the old dead camp of Lewiston, Utah. The ore runs from \$2 to \$10 a ton. A lot of "guff" about the camp is given in our telegraphic dispatches. We wouldn't advise anybody to rush there, even if a man did make such a wonderful strike as ore going \$3 or \$4 to the ton.

The San Francisco Stockraisers' Review says: Reports from most interior points speak of a shortage of beef cattle. The same state of things is more likely to happen in Nevada also, which would make it very difficult for our city to obtain its regular winter supply. Should these reports turn out true we can hope for an increase in values all along the line.

SUMMONS.

In Justice Court Helene Township, of the County of Lincoln, State of Nevada, against D. Barthol and James Hutchinson, of Barthol Saw Mill Co., Defendants.

The State of Nevada to D. Barthol and James Hutchinson, of Barthol Saw Mill Co. You are hereby summoned to appear before me, a Justice of the Peace in and for Helene Township, County and State aforesaid, at my office in Helene, on the 23rd day of December A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, to answer the complaint of Charles Garret & Co. wherein they claim to recover from you the sum of one hundred and twenty-one and thirty one hundredths dollars and costs of suit.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as aforesaid, judgment will be taken against you for the sum of one hundred and twenty-one and thirty one hundredths dollars and costs of suit. To the Sheriff or any Constable of said county. Greeting: Make legal service and due return hereof. Given under my hand this 4th day of November,



"When I was a Boy,"

Writes Postmaster J. C. WOODSON, Forest Hill, W. Va. "I had a bronchial trouble of such a persistent and stubborn character, that the doctor pronounced it incurable with ordinary medicines, and advised me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I did so, and one bottle cured me. For the last fifteen years, I have used this preparation with good effect whenever I take

A Bad Cold,

and I know of numbers of people who keep it in the house all the time. Not considering it safe to be without it."

"I have been using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for 30 years, with the most satisfactory results, and can cheerfully recommend it as being especially adapted to all pulmonary complaints. I have, for many years, made pulmonary and other medicines a special study, and I have come to the conclusion that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral occupies a position pre-eminent over other medicines of the class."—Chas. Davenport, Dover, N. J.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act. sure to cure

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